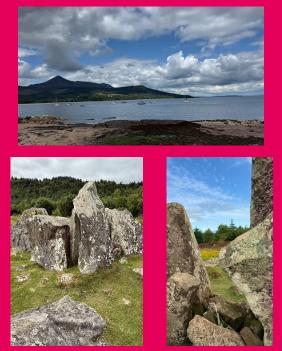


Refreshing PGR practice-based research training essentials using the SEEC Level Descriptors

Dr Paula McIver Nottingham PGR Lead Professional Doctorate HSCE/S&T

UKCGE Annual Conference 2025







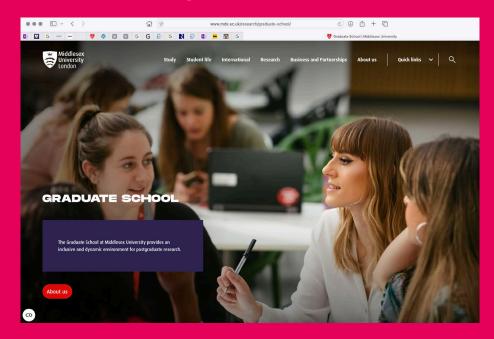
Acknowledgements

As PGR Leads - we acknowledge the contributions made by our former framework leads, current academic and professional staff, and past and present PGR candidates completing their studies with the programme.

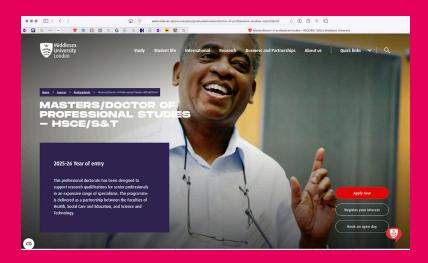
Abstract - Case study M/DProf HSCE/S&T

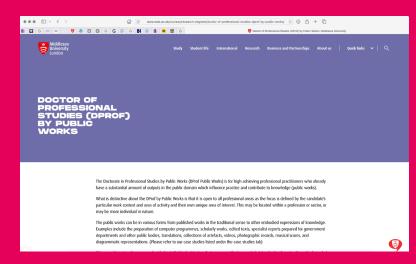
- Doctoral study focuses on enabling PGRs to reflect on their programmes of study to achieve academic milestones.
- Professional doctorates and practitioner PhDs that generally focus on research problems that stem from practice
- SEEC level descriptors + Vitae + QAA have been used as a part of the strategic refresh for several main units of study within the Health, Social Care and Education / Science and Technology M/DProf programme
- These studies present ways to address critical thinking to support "highly abstract and complex learning, work or practice contexts at the forefront of knowledge" (2021, p. 17).
- This case highlights the renewed importance of aligning research aims to practical outcomes and impact - supporting the use of employability within existing practitioner roles, including networking and career progression.

Middlesex University - the 'Middlesex model' disillusionment - diversification









https://www.mdx.ac.uk/courses/postgraduate/mastersdoctor-of-professional-studies-mprofdprof/ https://www.mdx.ac.uk/courses/research-degrees/doctor-of-professional-studies-dprof-by-public-works/

Today's talking points

- Déjà vu setting the scene for today's planning
- The Risk Society (Beck) & lifelong learning principles
- Professional Doctorate and practitioner PhD
- 'Middlesex model(s)' & disillusionment the case of refreshing the M/DProf HSCE/S&T DProf
- SEEC Level Descriptors explanation and use for M/DProf
- Our jobs as peers enhancing peer PGR experience and developing 'talent' – we are all here to learn

Déjà vu - setting the scene - 'The Times They Are A-Changin' (Dylan,1964) – Lifelong Learning



SUMMARY

In 1996, OECD Education Ministers adopted "Lifelong learning for all" as a policy framework. However access to learning is not yet a reality for all. Few countries have clearly defined the features of an overall system of lifelong learning, or attempted to implement one. Five key systemic features are identified here.

First, all learning should be recognised, not just formal courses. Systems for transferring credit are improving but gaps remain, especially in recognising informal learning. Good systems for informing and guiding learners, especially adults, remain elusive.

Second, lifelong learning requires good foundation skills among both the young and adults: particularly those with poor initial education. Motivation must be at the centre. This requires fundamental changes in curriculum and pedagogy, emphasising willingness to learn as much as content mastery.

Third, equitable access to learning requires a lifecycle perspective. Under-served groups such as pre-school children and adults must be a priority. Equally important is use squality of opportunities – diverse learning methods, courses and settings to cater for multiple learning needs.

Fourth, countries must evaluate resources according to lifecycle needs and deploy them effectively. Additional public resources may be needed, and new incentives to

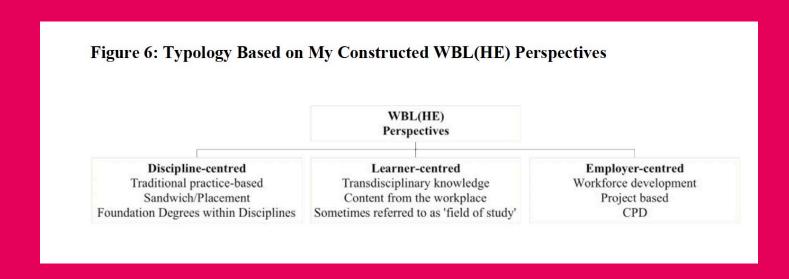
Finally, the scope of lifelong learning goes beyond a single ministry. Policy co-ordination must involve many partners.

Lifelong Learning
John Field, University of Stirling (2010, p. 1)

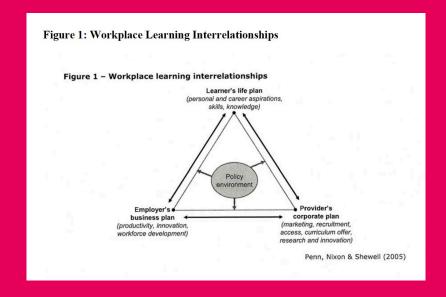
"Lifelong learning has become a dominant theme of education and training polices across the advanced industrial nations. Besides a wide range of national governments, it is endorsed by a wide range of intergovernmental policy actors, including the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), the European Commission (EC), the United Nations Educational, Social and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), the World Bank and the International Labour Organisation (ILO) (Schemmann, 2007). For governments, lifelong learning is an overarching policy framework which offers solutions to a number of common economic and social challenges; globalization and competitiveness often dominate the policy discourse, but promoting lifelong learning is also seen as relevant to social cohesion, demographic change, active citizenship, migrant assimilation, and public health."

Déjà vu – network acronym fest – LL, WBL, RLTW and SEEC AP(E)L +

25 years of redefining perspectives within lifelong learning / higher education studies in order to create (understand) new models



PhD studies about staff who facilitated learners in the workplace. Included PGT but not research degrees.

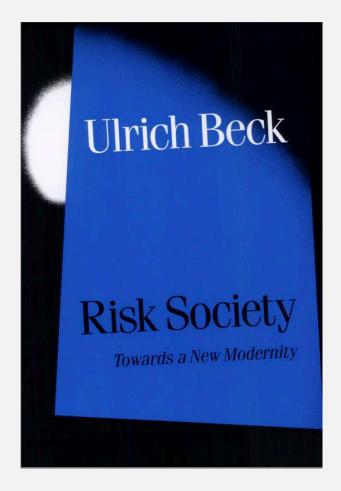


The tripartite – inter-relationships – sources for developing Level 8

The Risk Society

RISK SOCIETY
Towards a New Modernity
ULRICH BECK (1992)
translated by Mark Ritter

Light bulb moment — we all needed to keep learning because there were not certainties anymore - social changes meant that 'reflexivity' was an essential aspect of living in the world and new technologies were changing our experience of the risks that needed to be examined and explored.



1

ON THE LOGIC OF WEALTH DISTRIBUTION AND RISK DISTRIBUTION

In advanced modernity the social production of wealth is systematically accompanied by the social production of risks. Accordingly, the problems and conflicts relating to distribution in a society of scarcity overlap with the problems and conflicts that arise from the production, definition and distribution of techno-scientifically produced risks.

This change from the logic of wealth distribution in a society of scarcity to the logic of risk distribution in late modernity is connected historically to (at least) two conditions. First, it occurs – as is recognizable today – where and to the extent that genuine material need can be objectively reduced and socially isolated through the development of human and technological productivity, as well as through legal and welfare-state protections and regulations. Second, this categorical change is likewise dependent upon the fact that in the course of the exponentially growing productive forces in the modernization process, hazards and potential threats have been unleashed to an extent previously unknown.

To the extent that these conditions occur, one historical type of thinking and acting is relativized or overridden by another. The concepts of 'industrial' or 'class society', in the broadest sense of Marx or Weber, revolved around the issue of how socially produced wealth could be distributed in a socially unequal and also 'legitimate' way. This overlaps with the new paradigm of risk society which is based on the solution of a similar and yet quite different problem. How can the risks and hazards systematically produced as part of modernization be prevented, minimized, dramatized, or channeled? Where they do finally see the light of day in the shape of 'latent side effects', how can they be limited and distributed away so that they neither hamper the modernization process nor exceed the limits of that which is 'tolerable' – ecologically, medically, psychologically and socially?

We are therefore concerned no longer exclusively with making nature useful, or with releasing mankind from traditional constraints, but also and essentially with problems resulting from techno-economic development itself. Modernization is becoming reflexive; it is becoming its own theme. Questions of the development and employment of technologies (in the realms of nature, society and the personality) are being eclipsed by questions of the political and economic 'management' of the risks of actually or potentially utilized technologies – discovering, administering,

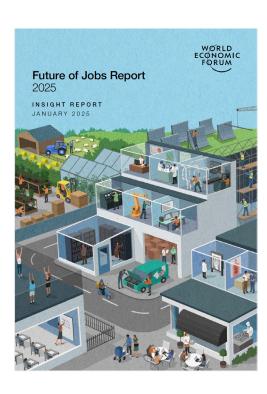
The Risk Society – problem and solutions







Déjà vu – lifelong learning – today's context



Technological change, geoeconomic fragmentation, economic uncertainty, demographic shifts and the green transition – individually and in combination – are among the major drivers expected to shape and transform the global labour market by **2030.** The Future of Jobs Report 2025 brings together the perspective of over 1,000 leading global employers collectively representing more than 14 million workers across 22 industry clusters and 55 economies from around the world—to examine how these macrotrends impact jobs and skills, and the workforce transformation strategies employers plan to embark on in response, across the 2025 to 2030 timeframe.

- Broadening digital access is expected to be the most transformative trend – both across technology-related trends and overall – with 60% of employers expecting it to transform their business by 2030.
- Increasing cost of living ranks as the second most
- transformative trend overall
- Older population

Lifelong Learning

https://uall.ac.uk/network-workand-learning/

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF LIFELONG EDUCATION 2024, VOL. 43, NO. 1, 24-38 https://doi.org/10.1080/02601370.2023.2279047







Higher education transformation towards lifelong learning in a digital era – a scoping literature review

Marcia Håkansson Lindqvist^a, Peter Mozelius 66, Jimmy Jaldemark^a and Martha Cleveland Innes 100°

^aDepartment of Education, Mid Sweden University, Sundsvall, Sweden; ^bDepartment of Computer and System Sciences, Mid Sweden University, Sundsvall, Östersund, Sweden

ABSTRACT

In the ongoing shift to a knowledge society, the idea of a technologyenabled lifelong learning has frequently been discussed. The shift also requires a transformation of higher education with new forms for teaching and learning deployment. This ongoing transformation was formulated in a research question that has guided this study: 1) Which key themes of lifelong learning emerge from higher education literature? This study was carried out as a scoping literature review to map literature in the field. Findings from a thematic analysis pointed out seven main themes or perspectives: The Policy perspective, The Value perspective, The Employability perspective, The Reform perspective, The Collaborative perspective, The Student perspective and The Workplace learning and Professional development perspectives. Five publications of the 26 selected publications from the literature search will be further used and analysed as part of a Delphi study. This Delphi study will involve a group of leading researchers in the field of lifelong learning as an expert panel to further explore and expand the key themes of lifelong learning in higher education and digital trends in higher education reforms.

ARTICLE HISTORY Received 1 July 2022 Accepted 30 October 2023

KEYWORDS

Lifelong learning; higher education reform; technology enhanced learning







Events & Conferences

Networks

Members

SCUTREA

Resources



Work and Learning

Lifelong Learning &

Work and Learning

The Work and Learning Network promotes learning in, through and for work (paid or unpaid)

We network and share with members and wider communities that support a range of professional practice. The network provides seminars, workshops, conferences and other events and engages with for example, work-related learning, degree apprenticeships, placements, internships, practitioner research and professional doctorates.

Our vision is to be a vibrant practitioner led network, recognised for its excellence, that advocates Higher Education (HE) in the workplace and empowers learners through encouraging lifelong learning goals.

Our mission is to:

- · provide inspiration and leadership through the development and sharing of work and learning professional practice as an important and integral part of academic awards.
- · encourage and promote values, research, scholarly activity and professional practice that encourages the development of work and learning as a critical pedagogy
- · promote networking and events for members and work with national lobbies to influence the direction of work and learning in HE.

Network goals:

- . To disseminate good practice in relation to the development, facilitation and assessment of work and learning practice within HE through learning in, for and through a wide range of work-based learning, work- integrated and apprenticeship (higher, degree and graduate) programmes including undergraduate, postgraduate and doctoral levels.
- . To provide events and network opportunities for HE colleagues to support staff development
- . To promote and disseminate research in the field of work and learning
- . To promote the status of the use of work and learning practice in HE, with employers, policy makers, professional groups and other stakeholders through UALL.

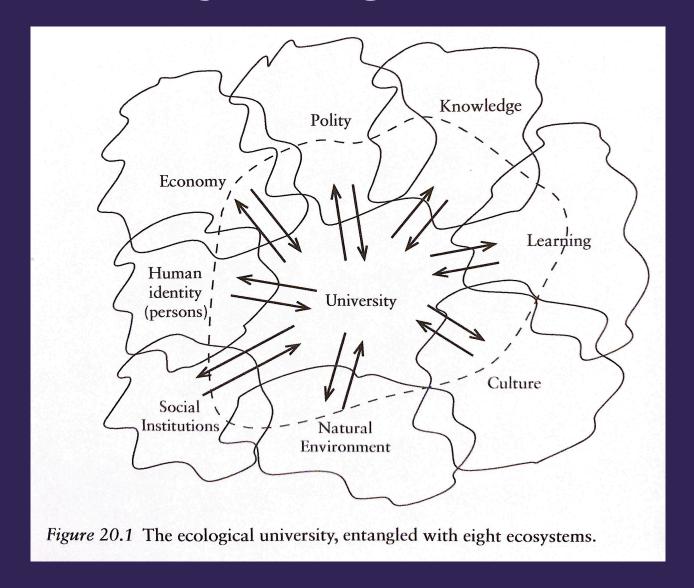
Dr Paula Nottingham (UALL Convenor)

Dr Elda Nikolou-Walker (UALL Convenor)

For more information:

- · Visit the work and learning network website
- Visit the Work and Learning Research Centre

The University and higher education in an eco-world



"I suggest that there are no less than eight ecosystems that should especially come into view here, those of knowledge, persons, social institutions, the economy, the polity, culture, learning and the natural environment" (Barnett, 2022).

In the *Philosophy of Higher Education A Critical Introduction* by Ronald Barnett

CASE STUDY – SEEC (to be published as collective with other SEEC examples) Working with an ongoing tradition for professional doctorates

The emergence of the professional doctorates in the UK have been seen as a way to engage with higher professional development at the same time as answering a national call to diversify doctoral education within universities (Scott et al., 2004). The professional doctorate degree conceptualises undertaking research projects as a means through which the practitioner-researcher (Jarvis, 1999) can explore and investigate complex research problems in professional contexts. Doctorates have grown in popularity in the UK and internationally as they diversify to meet the demand for professional competitiveness and career planning for those taking higher level awards (Sarrico, 2022). Middlesex University has played a major sector role in the dissemination of professional doctorate pedagogy. It has been important to showcase practitioner research that represented how professional doctorates sought to innovate curriculum design while demonstrating equivalent standards to other Level 8 qualifications (Costley and Boud, 2022); historically the professional doctorate has many contextual sources of reference within Middlesex University that include the use of SEEC level descriptors. Professor Bravenboer, Chair of the SEEC network for the Universities Association for Lifelong Learning (UALL), has been instrumental in adapting the SEEC level descriptors for the May 2021 edition and has championed their continued use for educational research and development.

Déjà vu 2015

Ideas for communication/connectivity

- Information given to core DProf staff but needs to be sent to Advisers so difficult to signpost for Candidates still going out by email only? **Staff** could communicate more about what new practice is going on ... has suggested in team meetings
- Use of Google handout or Adobe Connect for separate online discussion sessions for each of 4 seminars? Continue separate online Induction as alternative for those who cannot come in person this means 2 sessions but was taken up by candidates
- MyLearning discussions mentioned in handbooks but not going on? Group sessions planned similar to IWBL provision Stage 1 only
- Group work start with MyLearning could do more with discussions then use system like Linked in group (s) **Do a needs analysis for this with candidates online Survey Monkey.** ... could form a trial for this (?), could be or 'stewarded' by module leaders and academic champions (?) in a team approach important thing is continuity of provision needs to be aligned with academic administration (Stephen) and advisers
- Calendars on MyLearning? Are they being updated?
- Sharing list for candidate emails Stage 1 and Stage 2 permissions given?
- other institutions present speaker programmes with proper streaming facilities and twitter set up for questions e.g. NetEd at LSE this takes
 resources to plan and carry out unclear what central services can do Live streaming permission with CCSS not clear at MDX there seems to be a
 limited service from Audio visual (Annette trialed in Feb) and CCSS needs to be contacted separately so needs further investigation
- Consistency across the Stage 1 and Stage 2 provision treat separately with Stage 1 groups online from the beginning of the studies to allow formation of special interest groups
- Seminars advertised more slides put up but this needs to be communicated back when they are ready MyLearning universal email candidates need to have university emails active or forwarded then what about discussion for peers after this to help explain and embed expert seminars and relate to peer questions/discussion? More discussion work within seminars shorten talk and build in round tables for candidates?
- Comparison of ... academic services for DProf to ... in Education that is now being resourced and staffed look at good practice?

Credit Framework for England 2021

This table draws together the FHEQ levels as well as having an additional column for the ECTS value from the Qualifications Frameworks in the European Higher Education Area (QF-EHEA). It is a table of typical qualifications, levels and credit volumes awarded by higher education providers. It cannot and does not attempt to contain all types and titles of higher education awards.

Values shown in column 3 are the minimum that are typically associated with the qualification (plus any permissible minimum or maximum at a specified level shown in parentheses).



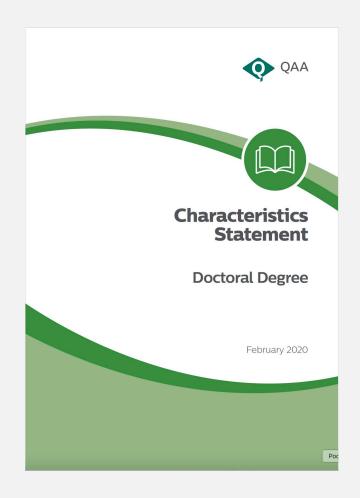
Typical higher education qualifications within each level	FHEQ Level	Minimum credit	QF-EHEA cycles	ECTS credit ranges from the QF-EHEA
PhD/DPhil		Not typically credit-rated	Third cycle	Not typically
Professional doctorates (eg DProf, EdD, DBA, DClinPsy)	8	540 (360 at FHEQ level 8)	(end of cycle) qualifications	credit-rated
Research master's degrees (eg MRes, MPhil)		Not typically credit-rated		The minimum
Taught master's degrees (eg MA, MSc)		180 (150 at FHEQ level 7)	Second cycle	requirement is 60 ECTS; however a range
Integrated master's degrees (eg MEng, MChem, MPhys, MPharm)		480 (120 at FHEQ level 7)	(end of cycle) qualifications	of 90-100 ECTS credits is more
Primary (or first) qualifications in medicine, (eg BM BS) and dentistry (eg BDS)	7	Not typically credit-rated		typical at second cycle level
Postgraduate diplomas		120 (90 at FHEQ level 7)		
Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)		60 (40 at FHEQ level 7)		
Postgraduate certificates		60 (40 at FHEQ level 7)		

Professional Doctorate and practitioner PhD

Category 3: Professional and practice-based (or practitioner) doctorates

"Professional and practice-based doctorates provide an opportunity for individuals to situate professional knowledge developed over time in a theoretical academic framework. As such, they have different structures from other forms of doctorate. They are often post-experience qualifications and therefore they are frequently the doctoral degree of choice for mid-career professionals. However, in some cases they are required for entry to a profession, namely as a license to practice, or undertaken for reasons other than career development." (QAA, 2020, p. 8)

The approach in every provider that awards research degrees is informed by The Quality Code, *Advice and Guidance Theme: Research Degrees;* Guiding principle 4 states that 'Research students are afforded opportunities for professional development' (QAA, 2020, p. 13)



https://www.qaa.ac.uk/the-quality-code/characteristics-statements/characteristics-statement-doctoral-degrees

QAA Level 8

QAA 2024 4.7 Descriptor for a higher education qualification at Level 8

pp 27-28

4.8 Descriptor for a higher education qualification at Level 8 on the FHEQ and SCQF Level 12 on the FQHEIS

‡→

Doctoral degree

The descriptor provided for this level of the Frameworks is for any doctoral degree which should meet the descriptor in full. This qualification descriptor should also be used as a reference point for other Level 8/Level 12 qualifications.

Doctoral degrees are awarded to students who have demonstrated:

- the creation and interpretation of new knowledge, through original research or other advanced scholarship, of a quality to satisfy peer review, extend the forefront of the discipline, and merit publication
- i a systematic acquisition and understanding of a substantial body of knowledge which is at the forefront of an academic discipline or area of professional practice
- the general ability to conceptualise, design and implement a project for the generation of new knowledge, applications or understanding at the forefront of the discipline, and to adjust the project design in the light of unforeseen problems
- ï a detailed understanding of applicable techniques for research and advanced academic enquiry.

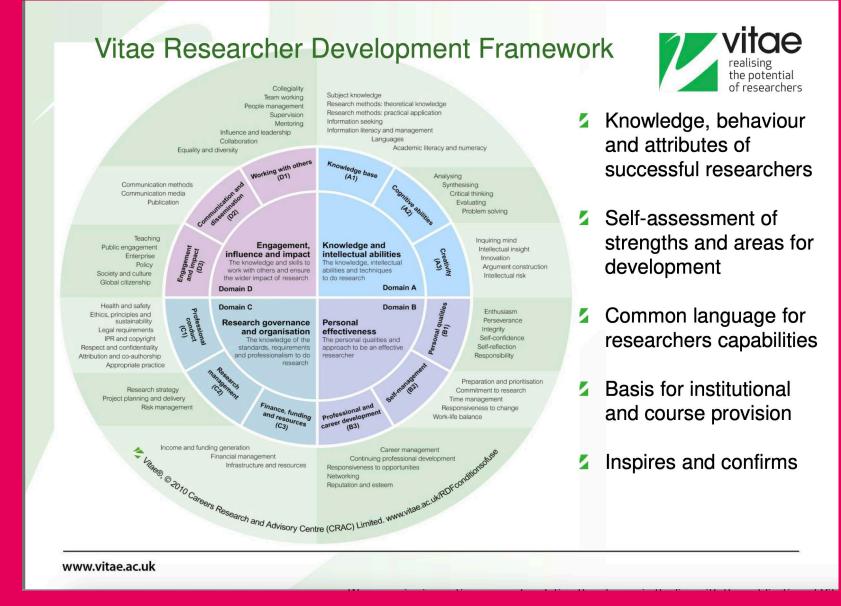
Typically, holders of the qualification will be able to:

- make informed judgements on complex issues in specialist fields, often in the absence of complete data, and be able to communicate their ideas and conclusions clearly and effectively to specialist and non-specialist audiences
- continue to undertake pure and/or applied research and development at an advanced level, contributing substantially to the development of new techniques, ideas or approaches.

And holders will have:

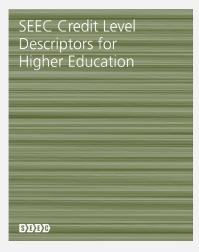
the qualities and transferable skills necessary for employment requiring the exercise of personal responsibility and largely autonomous initiative in complex and unpredictable situations, in professional or equivalent environments.

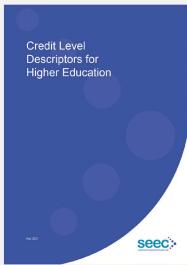
Researcher Development Framework



SEEC 1985 - 2025

(Southern England Consortium for Credit Accumulation and Transfer)





About seec

Formed in 1985, **seec** operated independently until 2020 and is now a Network of the University Association for Lifelong Learning (UALL).

Its members are practitioners and representatives from universities and higher education providers working together to advance the use and practice of academic credit, widening access to learning. Aligned with the UALL mission, the purpose of **seec** is to create learning opportunity through credit. **seec** aims 'to advance education for the public benefit by developing credit accumulation and transfer and promoting lifelong learning, at the higher education level'.

Since its formation in 1985², **seec** has served as a reference point on credit-based learning, structures and processes in the UK and in the developing field of European credit. It promotes links and collaborative ventures between our members, employers, professional bodies and other organisations with interests in credit, to open up market opportunities in the UK and internationally.

For more information, visit www.seec.org.uk

LINK FOR SEEC MAY 2021 LEVEL DESCRIPTORS

https://www.dropbox.com/scl/fo/1krdaok92fj40oocr8bxs/AOUGXbGF4Ul6DVGx-fpUgPQ?e=2&preview=MDX_SEEC-Descriptors_Update-May-2021_Version-2_For-screen_AW13885.pdf&rlkey=ib96j3isi57iw7cqey31l3cms&st=ez4l33fk&dl=0

Level 3 Level 4 Level 6 Level 5 Level 7 Level 8 Applies an understanding Applies a comprehensive Applies an understanding Applies an understanding Applies an in-depth Applies a systematic of pre-defined areas of of established areas of of wide-ranging areas of understanding of areas of understanding of areas of understanding of areas knowledge and skills in knowledge and skills in knowledge and a range of knowledge and relevant knowledge and advanced of knowledge and highly familiar learning, work or familiar and unfamiliar relevant skills in learning. selected specialist skills in skills in abstract and advanced skills in highly practice contexts. Acts learning, work or practice work or practice contexts complex and interrelated unpredictably complex abstract and complex learning, work or practice largely under direction; contexts. Acts with support of varying complexity. Acts learning, work or practice learning, work or practice working within pre-defined and uses techniques within with partial self-direction contexts. Acts autonomously contexts at the forefront contexts. Acts autonomously established guidelines. Takes guidelines and using and works within relevant and works within relevant to make strategic decisions of knowledge. Acts predefined techniques. Takes guidelines using a wide taking responsibility for autonomously, often in a responsibility for the nature self-selected guidelines using range of techniques. Takes outcomes and for leading professional capacity, to responsibility for initiating and quality of outputs and the specialist techniques. Takes and completing tasks as evaluation of own capabilities responsibility for achieving responsibility for determining the systematic and critical make strategic decisions well as the evaluation of and development. Uses personal and/or group and achieving personal and/ evaluation of own and others' that drive and develop own capabilities. Uses preestablished principles to outcomes/outputs and or group outcomes and for capabilities, performance transformative initiatives. defined principles to analyse, analyse, evaluate, organise evaluates own capabilities the critical evaluation of and development. Uses Uses highly advanced evaluate, organise and and communicate the and development using own and others' capabilities specialist techniques, and specialist techniques communicate information. relevance and significance relevant criteria. Uses and development. Selects advanced methodologies to analyse, evaluate, Develops projects and/or of information. Develops a range of principles to relevant specialist strategies and criteria to systematically organise and communicate activities to support own analyse, evaluate, organise projects and/or activities to analyse, evaluate, organise and principles to analyse, information, data and and/or others learning, and communicate incomplete inform own and/or others and communicate the evaluate, organise and evidence at the forefront work and practice. learning, work or practice. reliability and validity of communicate the significance and/or contradictory of knowledge. Takes full a variety of information information and data. of information and data accountability for the sources. Develops a range in complex contexts. comprehensive and critical Designs and develops of relevant projects and/ Designs and develops advanced specialist evaluation of own and others' or activities to improve projects and/or activities capabilities, performance and specialist projects and/ areas of own and/or others to strategically enhance or activities to enhance development. Uses highly learning, work or practice. inter-related areas of own own and/or others learning, advanced methodologies to drive the production of new and/or others learning. work or practice. knowledge. Designs and develops highly advanced, specialist and innovative projects and/or activities to transform own and/or others learning, work or practice.

seec Credit Level Descriptors for Higher Education

seec descriptors: by level

Level 7

Summary credit level descriptor

Personal responsibility

and leadership

Applies a systematic understanding of areas of knowledge and advanced skills in abstract and unpredictably complex learning, work or practice contexts. Acts autonomously to make strategic decisions taking responsibility for outcomes and for leading the systematic and critical evaluation of own and others' capabilities, performance and development. Uses specialist techniques, advanced methodologies and criteria to systematically analyse, evaluate, organise and communicate incomplete and/or contradictory information and data. Designs and develops advanced specialist projects and/or activities to strategically enhance own and/or others learning, work or practice.

Setting	
Operational context	Operates in abstract and unpredictably complex learning, work or practice contexts, requiring selection and application of advanced and specialist techniques and information sources.
Autonomy and responsibility for actions	Acts autonomously to make strategic decisions and develops appropriate practice guidelines, taking responsibility for outcomes in abstract and unpredictably complex contexts.
Application of knowledg	e and understanding
Knowledge and understanding	Applies a systematic understanding of knowledge and specialist theoretical and methodological approaches, suggesting and incorporating interrelationships with other relevant disciplines in abstract and unpredictably complex contexts.
Cognitive skills	
Conceptualisation and critical thinking	Selects and applies advanced principles, concepts, theoretical frameworks and approaches to critically develop systematic responses to existing discourses and methodologies, suggesting new ideas in unpredictably complex contexts.
Problem solving and enquiry	Selects and adapts appropriate advanced problem-solving strategies, methods and techniques to design systematic investigations that define and critically evaluate problems, using specialist information and data in unpredictable and complex contexts.
Synthesis and creativity	Systematically synthesises advanced and specialist information and ideas and formulates and develops innovative proposals to address strategic issues or opportunities in unpredictably complex contexts.
Analysis and evaluation	Systematically and critically analyses and evaluates, incomplete and/or contradictory data and evidence, developing effective and advanced methodologies to explain and support conclusions and recommendations in unpredictably complex contexts.
Practical skills	
Organisation and communication of information	Systematically organises and communicates advanced information, using criteria developed for specialist audiences in unpredictably complex contexts.
Interpersonal, team and networking skills	Applies and develops advanced interpersonal, team and networking skills to strategically enhance team performance in unpredictably complex contexts and contributes to specialist professional communities.
Project and activity design and development skills	Designs and develops advanced specialist projects and/or activities to strategically enhance own and/or others learning, work or practice within unpredictably complex contexts.
Behaviours and values	
Ethical awareness and application	Systematically applies an advanced awareness of ethical and professional values and codes of conduct, to personal and strategic decisions, actions, responsibilities, outcomes and dilemmas, whilst working proactively with others to suggest and advocate appropriate solutions in unpredictably complex contexts.

Takes responsibility for leading the systematic and critical evaluation of own

and others' capabilities, performance and development, applying strategic

management approaches in unpredictably complex contexts.

seec Credit Level Descriptors for Higher Education

seec descriptors: by level

Level 8

and leadership

Summary credit level descriptor

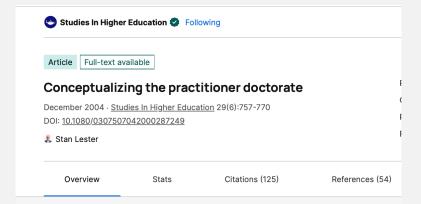
Applies a comprehensive understanding of areas of knowledge and highly advanced skills in highly abstract and complex learning, work or practice contexts at the forefront of knowledge. Acts autonomously, often in a professional capacity, to make strategic decisions that drive and develop transformative initiatives. Uses highly advanced and specialist techniques to analyse, evaluate, organise and communicate information, data and evidence at the forefront of knowledge. Takes full accountability for the comprehensive and critical evaluation of own and others' capabilities, performance and development. Uses highly advanced methodologies to drive the production of new knowledge. Designs and develops highly advanced, specialist and innovative projects and/or activities to transform own and/or others learning, work or practice.

Setting		
Operational context	Operates in highly abstract and complex learning, work or practice contexts at the forefront of knowledge requiring selection, development and innovative application of highly advanced and specialist techniques and information sources.	
Autonomy and responsibility for actions	Acts autonomously to drive and develop transformative initiatives and guidelines, often in a professional capacity, with full accountability for self and others in highly abstract and complex contexts at the forefront of knowledge, work and practice.	
Application of knowledge	e and understanding	
Knowledge and understanding	Applies a comprehensive understanding of knowledge, techniques and methodologies at the forefront of the discipline to drive the production of new knowledge in highly abstract and complex contexts.	
Cognitive skills		
Conceptualisation and critical thinking	Develops and applies innovative and highly advanced principles, concepts, theoretical frameworks and approaches to critically produce a comprehensive and coherent discount methodology to underpin new ideas in highly abstract and complex contexts.	
Problem solving and enquiry	Develops innovative and highly advanced problem-solving strategies, methods and techniques to design comprehensive investigations that critically evaluate problems to generate new information and data in highly abstract and complex contexts.	
Synthesis and creativity	Comprehensively synthesises highly advanced and specialist information and ideas ar formulates and develops new and transformative proposals to address and challenge is or opportunities at the forefront of knowledge, in highly abstract and complex contexts.	ssues
Analysis and evaluation	Comprehensively and critically analyses and evaluates incomplete and/or contradictor and evidence at the forefront of knowledge, developing innovative methodologies to expeport, challenge and drive the production of new knowledge in highly complex conte	kplain,
Practical skills		
Organisation and communication of information	Comprehensively organises and communicates new and highly advanced information using criteria at the forefront of knowledge, developed for specialist audiences in highly complex contexts.	
Interpersonal, team and networking skills	Applies and develops highly advanced interpersonal, team and networking skills to transformatively enhance team performance in highly complex contexts and innovatively contributes to specialist professional communities.	
Project and activity design and development skills	Designs and develops highly advanced, specialist and innovative projects and/or activit to transform own and/or others learning, work or practice in highly complex contexts.	ties
Behaviours and values		
Ethical awareness and application	Comprehensively applies a highly advanced awareness of ethical and professional values and codes of conduct, as an accountable aspect of own professional practice and works transformatively with others to formulate and implement innovative solutions and value frameworks in highly complex contexts.	
Personal responsibility	Leads and is accountable for the comprehensive and critical evaluation of own	

and others' capabilities, performance and development, applying innovative

and transformative leadership approaches in highly complex contexts.

Earlier version comparison Professional Doctorate and Phd



Abstract

Professional doctorates now form an established alternative to the PhD, both in the UK and Australia. Recent developments have seen the emergence of what some commentators call second-generation doctorates, more closely geared to the needs of professional practitioners. The current culmination of this development is represented by what might be termed practitioner doctorates, based on development projects which result in substantial organizational or professional change and (to paraphrase the widely used criterion for a PhD thesis) a significant contribution to practice. These programmes pose a challenge to traditional notions of doctoral work based on research. They can, however, be conceptualized in a way that is both robust academically and represents a high level of adequacy for the complex and far-reaching problems encountered in contemporary society.

Table 4: DProf and PhD compared

Areas of development	DProf	PhD
Point of view and self awareness of candidate	Central to consideration of professional knowledge claims	May be relevant, for example, as part of research process
Knowledge	Practice based; often procedural and propositional knowledge; potentially wide- ranging and likely to be trans- disciplinary in nature	Likely to be propositional; often cumulative
Originality/distinctiveness	Considered as a vital part of the case for professional excellence and/or major organisational change	Core criterion for knowledge claim
Impact	Core criterion and incorporated within the level descriptors	Considered in relation to knowledge claim
Working with others	Regarded as standard and incorporated within the level descriptors	Not standard
Nature of works	Wide-ranging – many will not be formally 'published'; possibly of different types within the same claim (for example, articles, plans, policy papers)	Potential to be wide-ranging but within a single claim; more likely to be of the same type (for example, a series of articles or a collection of artefacts)

Earlier use of SEEC Level Descriptors

Table 5: Level 8 learning outcomes

Key area	Assessment criterion
Knowledge and understanding	A1 – Knowledge: Evidence that the candidate has depth and range of knowledge in a complex area and is currently working at the leading edge of practice underpinned by theoretical understanding.
	A2 – Research and development capability: Demonstrates effective and critical selection, combination and use of research and development methods; can develop new approaches in new situations and contribute to the development of practice based research methodology.
	A3 – Ethical understanding: Demonstrates awareness of ethical dilemmas and conflicting values which may arise in professional practice and work situations; able to formulate solutions in dialogue with superiors, peers, clients, mentors and others.
Cognitive (thinking) skills	B1 –: Analysis and synthesis: Demonstrates ability to analyse and synthesise complex and possibly conflicting ideas and information in order to redefine knowledge and develop new approaches.
	B2 –Self appraisal/reflection on practice: Provides evidence of work with 'critical communities' through whom a new or modified paradigm is being established. Habitually reflects on own and others practice so that self-appraisal and reflective inquiry are intertwined, thereby improving the candidate's own and others' action.
	B3 – Planning/management of learning: Is autonomous in management of own learning; makes professional use of others in support of self-directed learning and is fully aware of political implications of the study.
	B4 – Evaluation: Can independently evaluate/argue a complex position concerning alternative approaches; can accurately assess/report on own and others work; can critique and justify evaluations as constituting bases for improvement in practice.

Practical skills C1 – Operational context and application of learning: Innovative approaches address issues arising in unpredictable, specialised work contexts beyond the current state of knowledge. Can be multi, inter or transdisciplinary in approach, content or in the contribution to understanding. Outcomes can include workable frameworks and/or models for practice. C2 - Engagement with professional and academic communities Use of resources: Systematic application of advanced interpersonal and networking skills to promote the transformation of professional practice. C3 - Communication and information management: Professional and academic communication with others in the field include papers/presentations to 'critical communities' and are of a quality to; satisfy peer review, extend the forefront of professional knowledge in a specific area of professional practice, and merit publication to appropriate professional and/or academic audiences. D1 – Planning and management of professional development: Personal and Autonomy in the management of own learning; self-critically integrates into enabling skills on-going reflective practice and informed by engagement with professional and academic communities. Makes professional use of others in support of learning and fully aware of the political implications of dialogue, practice inquiry and the dissemination of innovation. D2 - Responsibility and accountability in work/practice contexts: High levels of responsibility for self and others and has the ability to provide leadership in complex or unpredictable environments.



Learning Unit Narratives

Unit Code	Unit Title	Unit Leader
IPL4013	Review of Learning	Dr Ruth Plume and Dr
		Gordon Weller
IPL4016	Planning Practitioner Research &	Dr Leena Robertson and
	Development Programme	Dr Gordon Weller
IPL4040	Project Ethics Review	Dr Ruth Plume and Dr
		Gordon Weller
IPL4060	MProf Project	Dr Ruth Plume and Dr
		Gordon Weller
	Expert Seminar Series: Explorations in	Dr Gordon Weller, Core
	Leadership: Followership, Change	M/DProf Team
	Management and Transformation	
	Project Unit (Level 8 DProf)	Dr Ruth Plume and Dr
IPL5360		Gordon Weller

In this section you will find details of all the units associated with your programme.

M/DProf HSCE/S&T DProf

MProf/DProf Process Flowchart Review of Learning (IPL4013) **REVIEW STAGE 1** (1st tier)a Programme Planning Research and Development (IPL4016) (1st tier)a Programme Approval Panel – REVIEW STAGE-2 MProf **Project** (IPL 4060) (2nd tier)^c or for DProf: Literature Project Ethics Review (IPL4040) (2nd tier)c Award MProf (2nd tier)^d or transfer to DProf (2nd tier)^c **DProf Process Flowchart** DProf Final Project (2nd tier)d

Professional Doctorate

Unit Code: IPL4013

Unit Title: Review of Learning (Review Stage 1)

Level M

Pre-Requisites: None
Co-Requisites: None
Notional Study Hours: 180 hours

Unit Team: Dr Ruth Plume, Dr Gordon Weller, Dr Elda Nikolou-Walker, Dr Paula Nottingham

Aims:

The Unit provides an opportunity for the participant to critically review and reflect upon the learning they have achieved during their professional experience and to link this to their aspirations for the high-level work required for the award of a Research Degree. The argument presented will be congruent with the level M and/or level D criteria.

As leadership is a core component of the doctorate at level M and D, candidates will be facilitated in thinking about their understanding and experience of leadership, followership and transformational change.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this Unit, the participant will be able to:

- 1. outline the range and depth of their professional knowledge and responsibilities
- 2. demonstrate the ability to critically review, analyse and evaluate their own experience in their professional context, including how they manage their own learning, solve problems and communicate with others
- convincingly argue a case for how professional work already undertaken is relevant to both the level and proposed focus of the masters/doctoral work to be subsequently undertaken on the programme, which should include perspectives on leadership.
- 4. state the authority they have, the resources they command and relationships they have with other stakeholders, which will enable them to successfully plan, implement and conclude their research project work on the Programme
- 5. write and present succinctly, critically, comprehensively and in a cogently argued way.

Unit Code: IPL4016

Unit Title: Planning a Practitioner Research & Development Programme

Level M

Pre-Requisites: None Co-Requisites: None

Notional Study Hours: 540 hours

Unit Team: Dr Leena Robertson, Dr Gordon Weller, Dr Elda Nikolou-Walker, Dr Paula Nottingham

Aims

The Unit aims are to:

- support you to construct a credible and cohesive doctoral or master level work based research programme plan in your specialist field of professional practice,
- enable you to build on your professional knowledge biography to expand your research capability of work based research methodologies including your positionality, methods, ethics and impact,
- engender in you critical appreciation and understandings of research philosophies, a range of
 methodological approaches and methods of inquiry relevant to the practitioner engaged in research
 and development activities for 'real life' issues.
- facilitate you in producing a sustainable contribution to the body of professional knowledge in your specialist sphere of practice.

Learning outcomes

On successful completion of this Unit you will be able to:

- Design and plan a cohesive and coherent doctoral or master research programme incorporating your
 existing knowledge and skills in different contexts and a robust and sustainable work based research
 proposal that contributes to the enhancement of professional knowledge and practice
- 2. Explore the nature of knowledge and processes of knowledge production and use
- Examine philosophical and theoretical perspectives in the understanding, explication and valuing of an epistemology of practice
- 4. Formulate a research question based on an analysis and synthesis of the literature and contemporary professional practice
- Propose a research design and strategy, inclusive of an ethical, political and legal organising framework, congruent with investigating the research question
- Develop a critical and ethical understanding of a range of research methods for data production and analysis relevant to your professional field
- 7. Demonstrate understanding for rigour of work based research processes
- Critically appraise the potential impact of the programme plan, including your leadership, to professional practice and key stakeholders in your work organisation and /or professional community.

Professional Doctorate

Learning Unit Narratives

Unit Code	Unit Title	Unit Leader
IPL4013	Review of Learning	Dr Ruth Plume and Dr
		Gordon Weller
IPL4016	Planning Practitioner Research &	Dr Leena Robertson and
	Development Programme	Dr Gordon Weller
IPL4040	Project Ethics Review	Dr Ruth Plume and Dr
		Gordon Weller
IPL4060	MProf Project	Dr Ruth Plume and Dr
		Gordon Weller
	Expert Seminar Series: Explorations in	Dr Gordon Weller, Core
	Leadership: Followership, Change	M/DProf Team
	Management and Transformation	
	Project Unit (Level 8 DProf)	Dr Ruth Plume and Dr
IPL5360		Gordon Weller

In this section you will find details of all the units associated with your programme.

Unit Code: IPL5360

Unit Title: DProf Final Project

Level: Level D

Pre-Requisites: IPL4016 (Programme Plan) and IPL4040 (Project Ethics Review)

Co-Requisites: None

Notional Study Hours: 2400 & 2700 hours

Unit Team: Dr Ruth Plume, Dr Gordon Weller, Dr Elda Nikolou-Walker, Dr Paula Nottingham

Rationale Including Aims:

It is in the DProf project that participants are able to demonstrate the complex and sophisticated knowledge and skills appropriate to personal professional and organisational learning and draw together the learning achieved on other components of the framework.

This emphasis requires that the participant develops and demonstrates expertise in the wide-ranging areas detailed in the Framework Learning Outcomes and Level M and D criteria. These criteria are congruent with the ability to engage with new, unfamiliar, and ever-changing contexts appropriate to the work of senior and experienced professionals.

A critical commentary enables the candidate to review and reflect upon the effectiveness of their work including the appropriateness of the research design and methodology; the strategy for dissemination and change management; and to articulate and relate to their ethical and personal philosophy and it effect on their work.

The Unit meets the criteria for a DProf final project:

Learning Outcomes:

Project units are the culmination of the learning achieved on the framework, and on the successful completion, the participants will be able to demonstrate the following capabilities:

- 1 The integration of their learning and experience into cohesive work that makes a significant contribution to their professional and/or organisational development.
- 2 Capabilities detailed in the level M and D criteria

Professional Doctorate

Unit Code: IPL5360

Unit Title: DProf Final Project

Level: Level D

Pre-Requisites: IPL4016 (Programme Plan) and IPL4040 (Project Ethics Review)

Co-Requisites: None

Notional Study Hours: 2400 & 2700 hours

Unit Team: Dr Ruth Plume, Dr Gordon Weller, Dr Elda Nikolou-Walker, Dr Paula Nottingham

Rationale Including Aims:

It is in the DProf project that participants are able to demonstrate the complex and sophisticated knowledge and skills appropriate to personal professional and organisational learning and draw together the learning achieved on other components of the framework.

This emphasis requires that the participant develops and demonstrates expertise in the wide-ranging areas detailed in the Framework Learning Outcomes and Level M and D criteria. These criteria are congruent with the ability to engage with new, unfamiliar, and ever-changing contexts appropriate to the work of senior and experienced professionals.

A critical commentary enables the candidate to review and reflect upon the effectiveness of their work including the appropriateness of the research design and methodology; the strategy for dissemination and change management; and to articulate and relate to their ethical and personal philosophy and it effect on their work.

The Unit meets the criteria for a DProf final project:

Learning Outcomes:

Project units are the culmination of the learning achieved on the framework, and on the successful completion, the participants will be able to demonstrate the following capabilities:

- 1 The integration of their learning and experience into cohesive work that makes a significant contribution to their professional and/or organisational development.
- 2 Capabilities detailed in the level M and D criteria

NEW Professional Doctorate 2024-2025

Review Stage 1 and Review Stage 2 (Registration and Programme Approval Panel (PAP) as Transfer)

Outline: Master of Professional Studies (MProf)

At Masters level 7		
Review Stage 1	Unit 1 Review of Learning	
Review Stage 2	Unit 2 Planning Practitioner Research	
	Project Ethics Review	
At Masters level 7		
	Masters Project (MProf only)	
At Doctoral level 8		
	Doctoral Project	

NEW Professional Doctorate 2024-2025



Masters and Doctorate in Professional Studies

Review of Learning Handbook Unit 1 2024/25

Faculties of
Health, Social Care and Education
and
Science and Technology

Unit Leader: Dr Paula McIver Nottingham & M/DProf Team

Unit Description

Review of Learning Unit 1 Masters Level 7

Rationale Including Aims:

The unit provides an opportunity for the participant to critically review and reflect upon the learning they have achieved during their professional experience and to link this to their aspirations for the high-level work required for the award of a Research Degree. The argument presented will be congruent with the level 7 criteria but can refer to the Level 8 requirements of the degree. As a consequence of the continued professional development (CPD) work presented (written submission and panel) , the student work may be recognised as meeting the requirements for Stage 1 (Registration). Students will then be able to undertake Planning Practitioner Research and an Ethics Review in order to complete Stage 2 Programme Approval Panel (PAP) and Ethics review.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this unit, the participant will be able to:

- Outline the range and depth of their professional knowledge and responsibilities.
- Demonstrate the ability to critically review, analyse and evaluate their own experience in their professional context, including how they manage their own learning, solve problems and communicate with others.
- Convincingly argue, orally and in written form, a case for how professional work already undertaken is relevant to both the level and proposed focus of the masters/doctoral work to be subsequently undertaken on your programme.
- State the authority they have, the resources they command and relationships they have with other stakeholders, which will enable them to successfully plan, implement and conclude their project work.
- Write succinctly, comprehensively and in a cogently argued way and to demonstrate this in a critique of relevant literature to their field of research interest.

Content:

The participants own knowledge base and professional experience from the theories and practical sources introduced for this unit.

Teaching and Learning Strategies

A variety of approaches appropriate to adult learners will be utilised. This will include seminars, group work, self-managed learning and personal tutorials. In order to meet the learning needs of all professionals, delivery will be online via Zoom unless otherwise stated and will include an online discussion board and session recordings.

Contact hours / teaching activity / seminar preparation

6 x 2 hour seminars over 1 semester 1 x 1 hour individual tutorials

Independent learning activity per week

Sufficient to complete the unit.

NEW Professional Doctorate 2024-2025

Contents

Abstract	3
Biography	4
Introduction	5
Most Interesting Things	5
Annotated and Narrative CVs	8
Reflective Journal	. 12
Critical Incident	. 14
Reviewing the literature	. 16
Reviewing the literature on solo librarianship and identifying key roles and responsibilities	
Conclusion	. 22
References	. 24
Bibliography	. 27
Review of Learning - Portfolio of work	. 35
Appendices	. 35
Appendix 1 - Most Interesting Things	. 36
Appendix 2a - Annotated Extended CV (including Published Works) and Annotated Extended CV with annotations summarised	. 39
Appendix 2b - Narrative CV	. 63
Appendix 3 – Critical Incident	. 74
Appendix 3a - Library Career Timeline and applying the Dreyfus model (from Novice to Expert) and CILIP Professional Knowledge and Skills Base (PKSB)	. 75
Appendix 3b - Copyright Guidance: Copyright flowchart – yearly copyright process for tutors	. 77
Appendix 4 - Reviewing the literature/knowledge mapping focussing on our research themes	. 78
Appendix 5a - Research abstract submitted for MDX PRSC 2025	. 87
Appendix 5b - Research poster submitted for MDX PRSC 2025	. 89

Reviewing the literature

The University of Edinburgh (n.d.) states,

'A literature review is a piece of academic writing demonstrating knowledge and understanding of the academic literature on a specific topic placed in context.'

Following the last activity, which required us to identify a key point (critical incident) in our career that has influenced our professional development, I selected the point when I became the Intellectual Property Strategic Lead for my organisation, XXXX From a theoretical perspective, I then applied the 'Novice to Expert: the Dreyfus model of skill acquisition' (Dreyfus, 1986) to my professional development and created a timeline covering my entire career as a librarian and charting progression within the area of copyright.

For the next activity, we were required to undertake a literature search of our area of practice, reviewing what we had done in the past and now with a more specific goal for our future University work. We had to find, read, and summarise our choice (Appendix 4).

Conclusion

Reviewing the SEEC descriptors have been a useful way to review programme aims and guidance through careful consideration about what it is candidates need to achieve from this degree and how we can help make sure that this experience and outputs match doctoral examination requirements for a distinctive and meaningful contribution to knowledge. At the heart of this M/DProf approach are the pedagogic principles that recognise many differing types of knowledge where a professional person conveys "practical wisdom" (Maxwell, 2019, p. 8). This applies to professional competences as well as propositional knowledge.

The HSCE/S&T M/DProf provides a structured approach for senior professionals to communicate their own progression and autonomy. Candidates who have affiliation or chartership to professional bodies can use these affiliations to enhance the research and personal/professional learning. The refresh of the curriculum supports conducting research projects and the critical review of doctorates by published work that contribute to knowledge and incorporate as a central principle "personal responsibility and leadership" (SEEC , 2021, p 17).

Our key achievements for the refresh using the SEEC level descriptors are:

- Collaborative development and CPD redesign for Stage 1, Stage 2 and final projects
- Expanding a professional focus to include relevant career progression
- Alignment of the specialist pathways to meet candidate and industry needs
- Support of candidate's academic and professional public engagement and networking

Indicative bibliography

Barnett, R. (2021) The Philosophy of Higher Education: A Critical Introduction (1st ed.), Routledge. https://doi.org/10.4324/9781003102939

Beck, U. (1992) Risk Society: Towards a New Modernity, London, Sage.

Costley, C. and Boud, D. (2022) 'The Development and Impact of Professional Doctorates', *The SAGE Handbook of Learning and Work*. Malloch, M., Cairns L., and Evans, K. Editors, London: SAGE Publications Ltd., pp. 223-238. Available at: https://doi.org/10.4135/9781529757217 [Accessed 19 Feb 2025].

Jarvis, P. (1999) The practitioner-researcher: developing theory from practice, San Francisco, Calif: Jossey-Bass.

Maxwell, T. (2019) 'Philosophy and Practice – Why Does This Matter?', *Methodologies for Practice Research: Approaches for Professional Doctorates*. Costley, C. and Fulton, J. Editors, London: SAGE Publications, Ltd. pp. 3-16 Available at: https://doi.org/10.4135/9781526453327 [Accessed 19 Feb 2025].

Middlesex University (MDX) (2025) Faculty of Health, Social Care and Education and Faculty of Science and Technology, Masters and Doctorate in Professional Studies, Specialist Pathways Framework Handbook 2024/5, London.

Quality Assurance Agency (QAA) (2020) *Doctoral degree characteristics statement*, 20 Feb 2020, Available from: https://www.qaa.ac.uk/the-quality-code/characteristics-statements/characteristics-statement-doctoral-degrees

Quality Assurance Agency (QAA) (2021) *Higher Education Credit Framework for England: Advice on Academic Credit Arrangements* (2nd ed), May 2021, Available at: https://www.qaa.ac.uk/the-quality-code/higher-education-credit-framework-for-england#:~:text=The%20Higher%20Education%20Credit%20Framework,the%202021%20Credit%20Framework%20Table.

Sarrico, C.S. (2022) 'The expansion of doctoral education and the changing nature and purpose of the doctorate', *High Education*, 84, pp. 1299–1315. Available at: https://doi.org/10.1007/s10734-022-00946-1

Scott, D., Brown, A., Lunt, I. and Thorne, L. (2004) *Professional doctorates: integrating professional and academic knowledge.* Maidenhead: Open University Press.

SEEC (2021) Credit Level Descriptors for Higher Education, May 2021, Luton: SEEC.

Vitae (2025) The Vitae Research Developer Framework, Available from: https://vitae.ac.uk/vitae-researcher-development-framework/

Weller, G., Garelick, H., Naylor, D. and Sherry, R. (2010). Organisational involvement in supporting the learned professional. *Work Based Learning e-Journal*, 1 (2). Available at: http://wblearning-ejournal.com [Accessed 19 February 2025]



THANK YOU

p.nottingham@mdx.ac.uk