Co-creation and implementation of an inclusive doctoral training programme

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Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council

EPSRC Centre for Doctoral Training in Aerosol Science







Our context







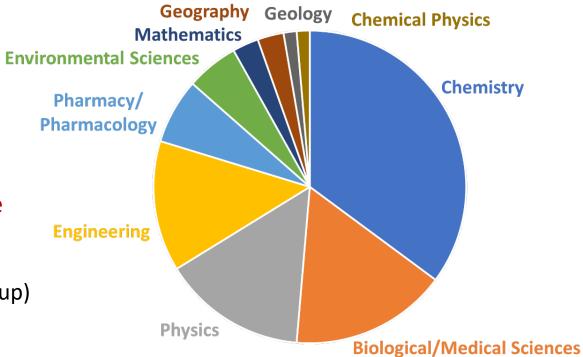




Imperial College London

- The EPSRC CDT in Aerosol Science is a partnership between seven institutions and 65+ industrial partners.
 - 4-year cohort-based training and research PhD

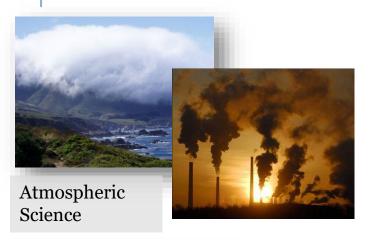
- Established in 2019 to deliver comprehensive and broadbased training in aerosol science.
 - Train 96 postgraduates over five cohorts
- CDT is highly multidisciplinary and demographically diverse
 - PGRs come from a broad range of UG backgrounds
 - 25% are returners to education
 - PGRs alumni of 37 different UK institutions (49% Russell Group)

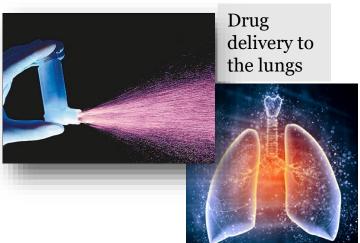


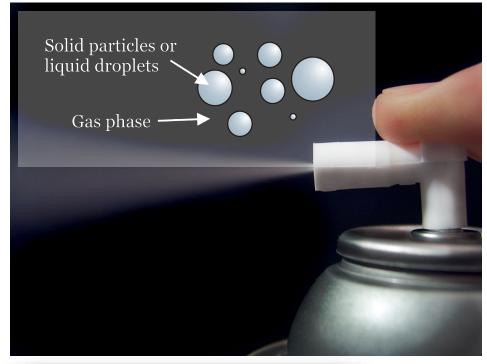




Interdisciplinarity of aerosol science

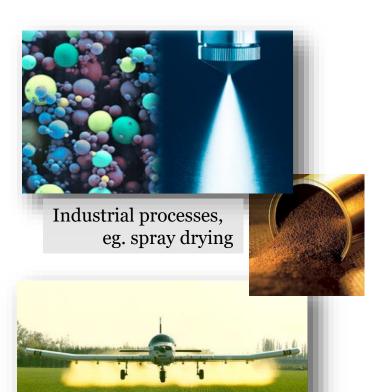








Health
effects and
disease
transmission





Delivery of fuels for combustion

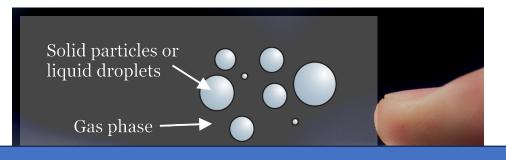
Agrochemicals







Interdisciplinarity of aerosol science



Industrial processes,

Atmospheric Science How to create a training programme that equips graduates to work across the diverse range of disciplines/sectors in aerosol science?





Health
effects and
disease
transmission



Delivery of fuels for combustion

Agrochemicals









The Aerosol Society

Stakeholder co-creation







Stakeholder workshop (professional aerosol science practitioners):

- Representatives from 26 UK-based enterprises, industries and public-sector organizations
- Academics involved in training PGRs in aspects of aerosol science

Objectives:

- 1. Identify the critical research objectives in aerosol science for each specific industry.
- 2. Explore the training needs of both current and future employees of stakeholders in each sector
- 3. Determine the frameworks in which the relevant training could be delivered.
- 4. To share ideas for ongoing stakeholder engagement with researcher training.
- 5. To agree on key words that describe core concepts required in the training of aerosol science researchers.



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- Academics involved in training PGRs in aspects of aerosol science
- → Outputs collated and summarised in interim review

Post workshop consultation programme:

- Feedback and refinement of interim review through:
 - online survey
 - 1:1 telephone consultations with stakeholders
 - PGR focus groups



Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council

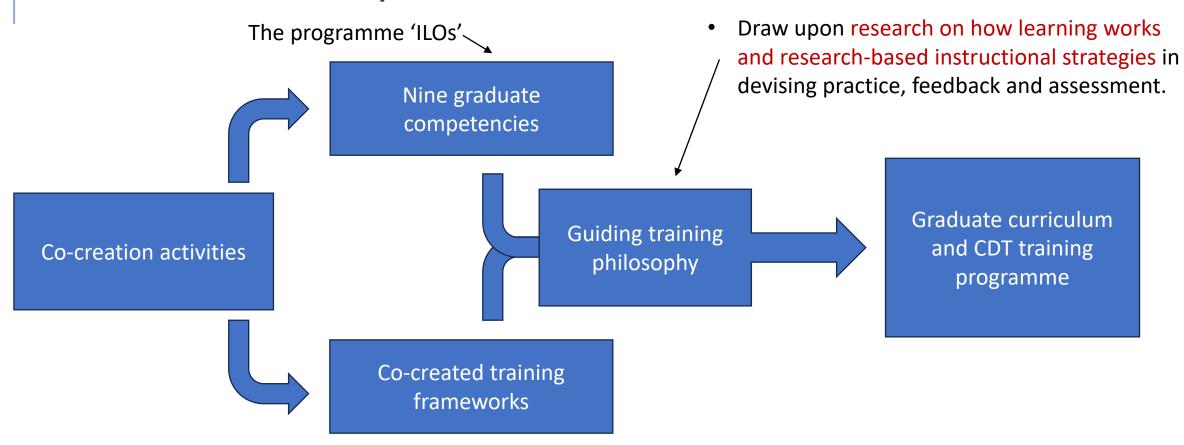
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Building a UK pipeline of research, innovation and technology development for aerosol science (The Aerosol Society, 2018)

<u>Building-a-UK-Research-and-Innovation-Pipeline-in-Aerosol-Science.pdf</u> (aerosol-soc.com)

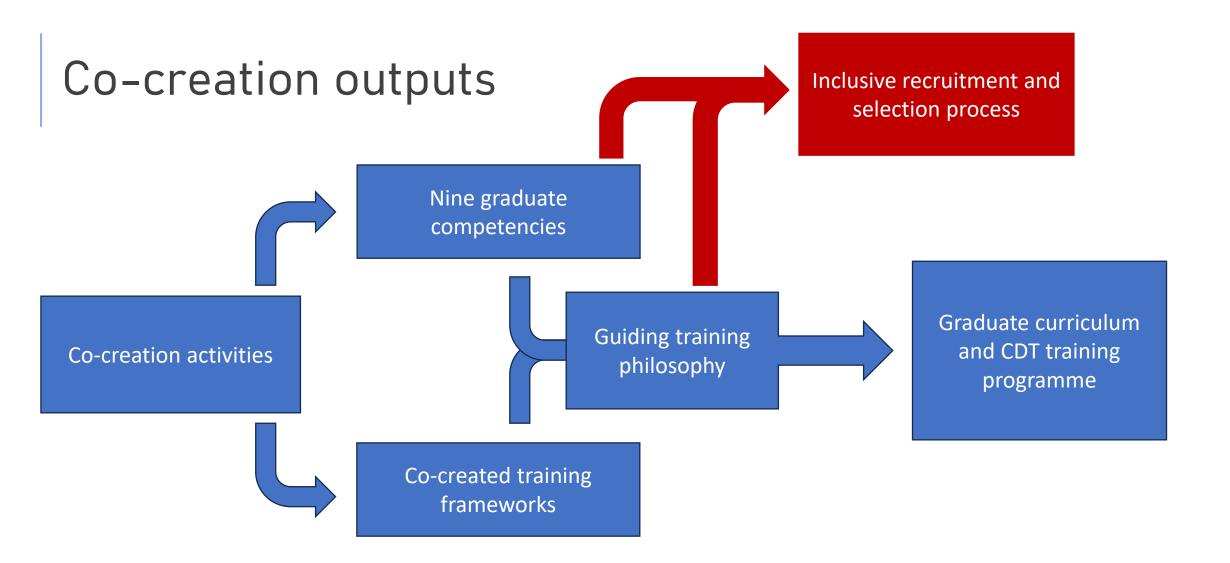
Co-creation outputs



Ensure that PGRs engage in practice and

with assessment of their progress.

receive feedback in each area of their training,







Nine graduate competencies & training frameworks

Graduates will be able to demonstrate these competencies:

- 1. Apply theoretical knowledge of aerosol science across a range of problems of a chemical, physical, biological or technological nature.
- 2. Undertake independent design and conduct experiments/models with technical mastery, as well as analyse and interpret data.
- 3. Identify, formulate, critique and solve research problems within their specialised context to advance the understanding of aerosols.
- 4. Develop or adapt advanced methodological approaches to contemporary problems, recognising the complexity and tolerating the ambiguity that arises in real-world systems.
- 5. Synthesise new approaches to meet an identified outcome within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, safety, manufacturability, and/or sustainability.
- 6. Act in congruence with professional & ethical values, & manage ethical dilemmas in formulating scientific solutions.
- 7. Function effectively and confidently in multidisciplinary teams, acting autonomously and taking responsibility for the scientific activity of others.
- 8. Communicate and share research knowledge to both expert and non-expert audiences, and guide the learning of those from outside their discipline.
- 9. Manage personal intellectual development as a self-critical, reflective scientist with the agility to respond to new challenges.

Map to all domains of the Vitae Researcher Development Framework



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Co-created training frameworks included:

- Participation in a short, extra-disciplinary research placement
- Public sector or industrial placement



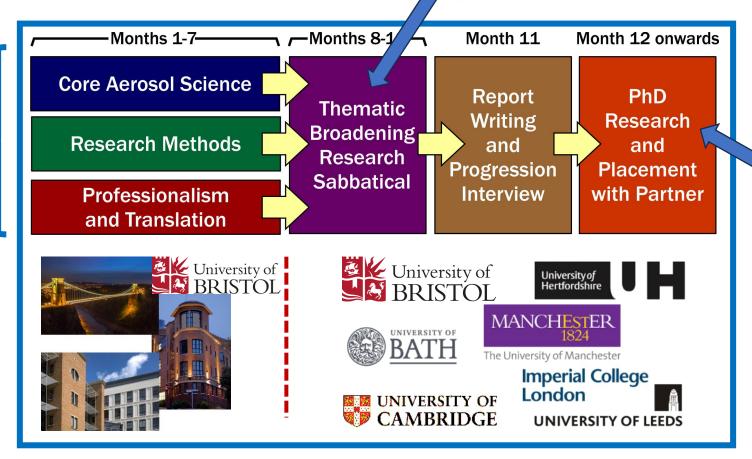
CDT training programme

Short, extra disciplinary research placement

Nine graduate competencies as programme ILOs

Constructively aligned pedagogies

Use of research based instructional strategies



Public sector or industrial placement





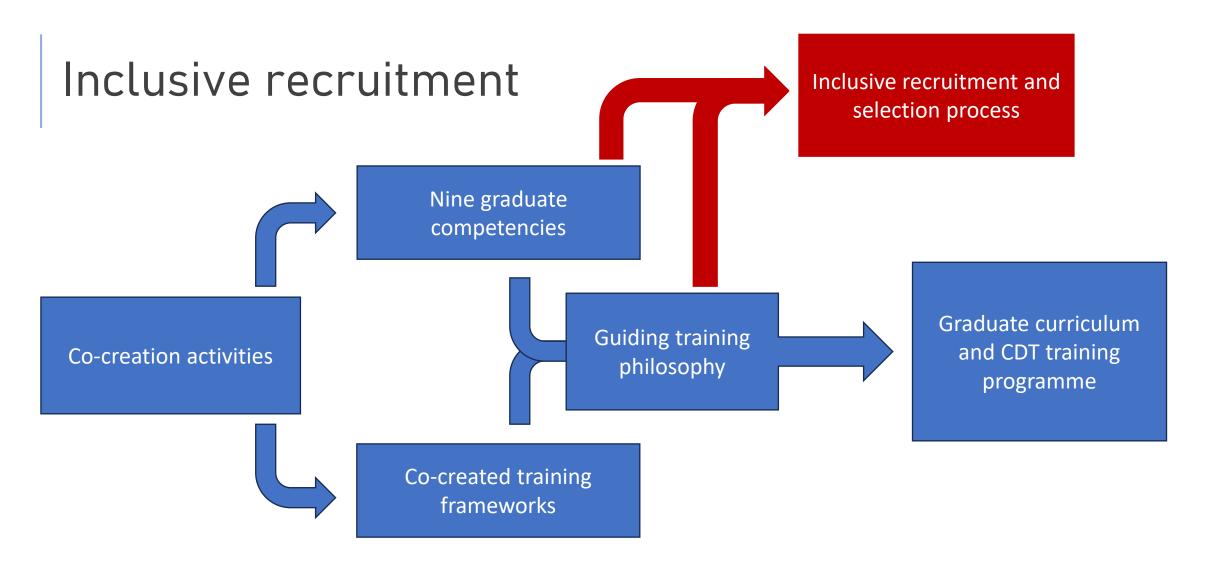
Example: Constructive alignment of pedagogy

- Team-Based Learning (TBL) used in course delivery
 - Research based instructional strategy
 - Makes the diversity of the cohort an asset
- PGRs placed in fixed, multidisciplinary teams of 4/5 members
 - Time invested in team cohesion; agreed working practices
 - PGRs spend >200 hours working in their teams
- Provides a framework for:
 - o peer-to-peer learning
 - communication and teamworking skills
 - cohort building
 - establishment of peer support networks



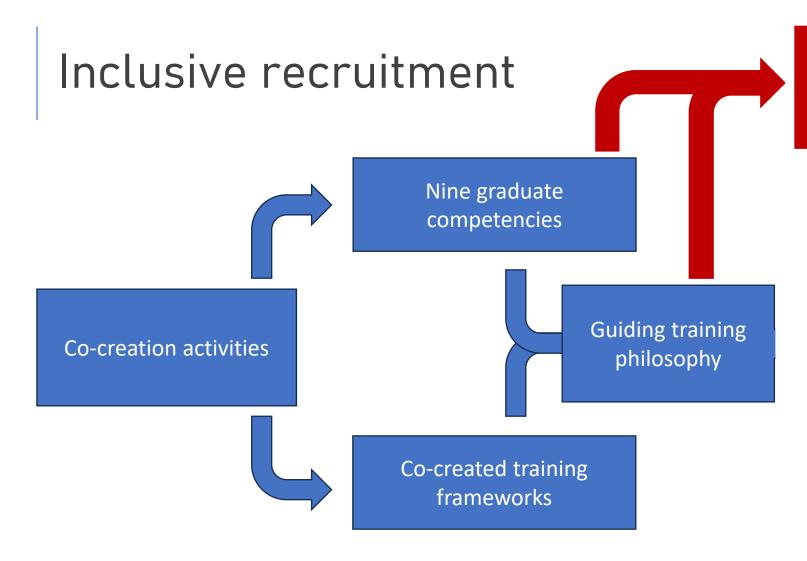








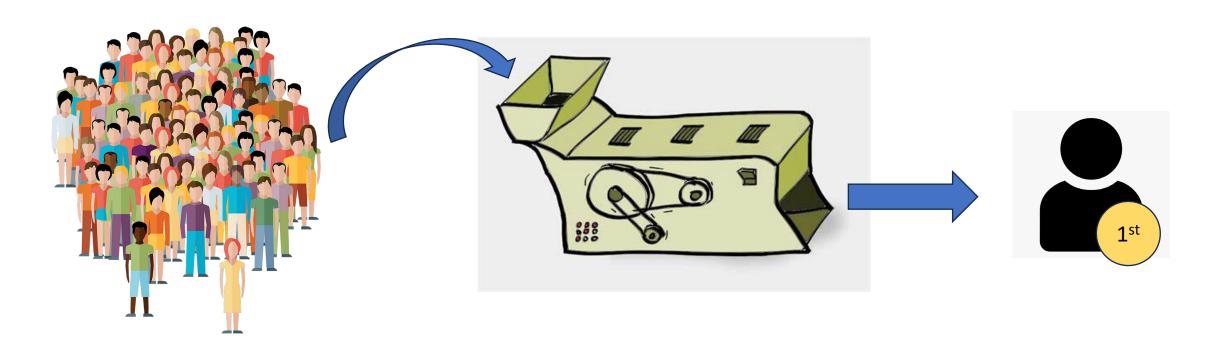




Inclusive recruitment and selection process

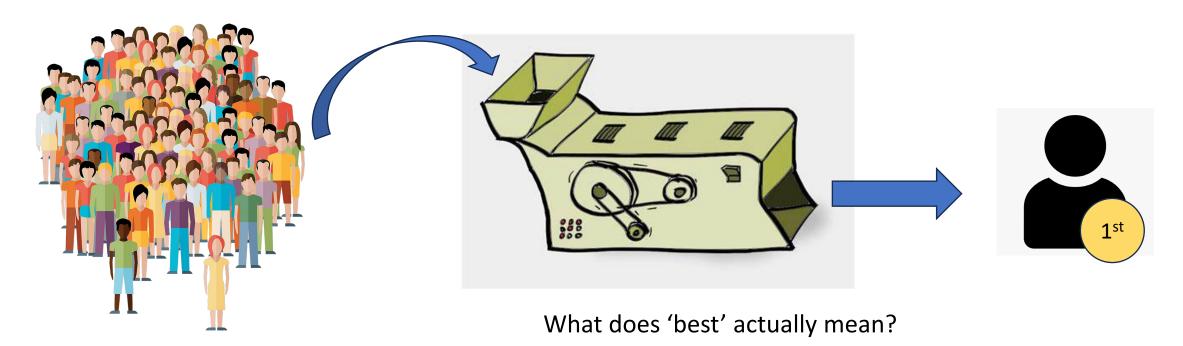
- Emphasis on candidate <u>potential</u>
- Assessment criteria informed by:
 - the interdisciplinarity of the CDT
 - the nine graduate competencies

The idealised recruitment process





inclusive The idealised recruitment process



Are our applicants really diverse?

What evidence are we using to measure 'best'?

How can we ensure the process is equitable?



Developing an inclusive recruitment process

Finding talent: Attracting a diverse range of applicants

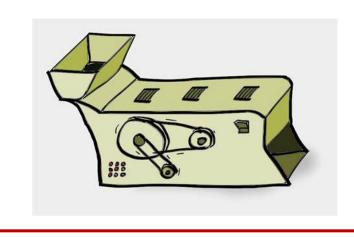
Equitable recruitment: Shortlisting and interviews

Monitoring and Reporting:

Ensuring processes are fit

for purpose





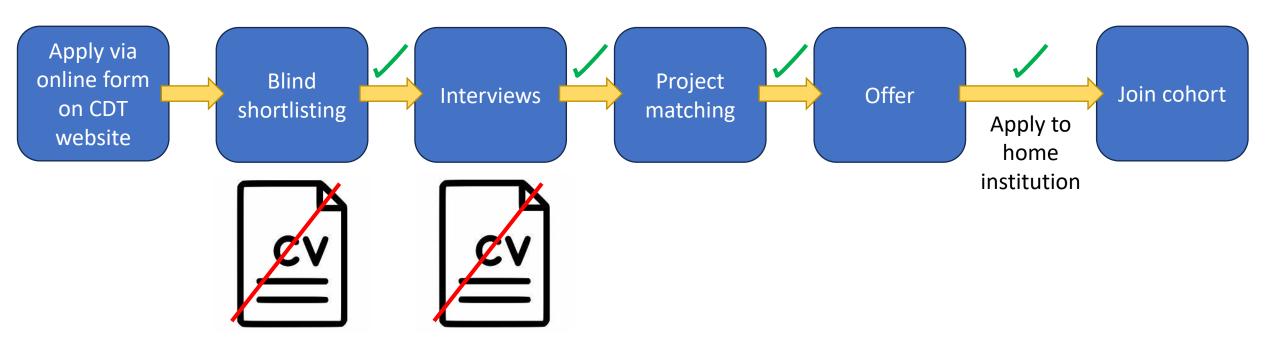








Aerosol Science CDT recruitment process



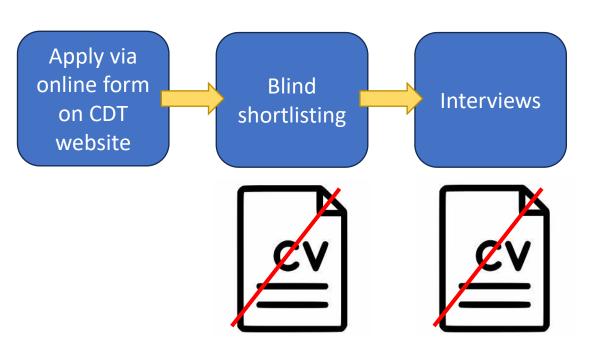


Shortlisting and interviews

What competencies do we want to assess?

How should we assess those competencies?

Assessed competencies



Shortlisted applicants complete two competency-based assessments.

Technical/research orientation

- Demonstrate mastery home discipline
- Generate hypotheses
- Place results in context
- Critical engagement with results/errors

Skills and competencies

- Ability/willingness to reflect
- Show intellectual curiosity
- Honesty
- Collaborate respectfully
- Value difference
- Show initiative
- Display professionalism





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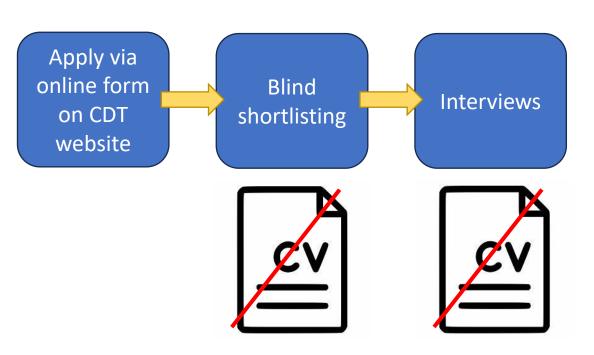
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- All applicants assessed against the same rubric Y, N, U and examples of positive and negative indicators provided.

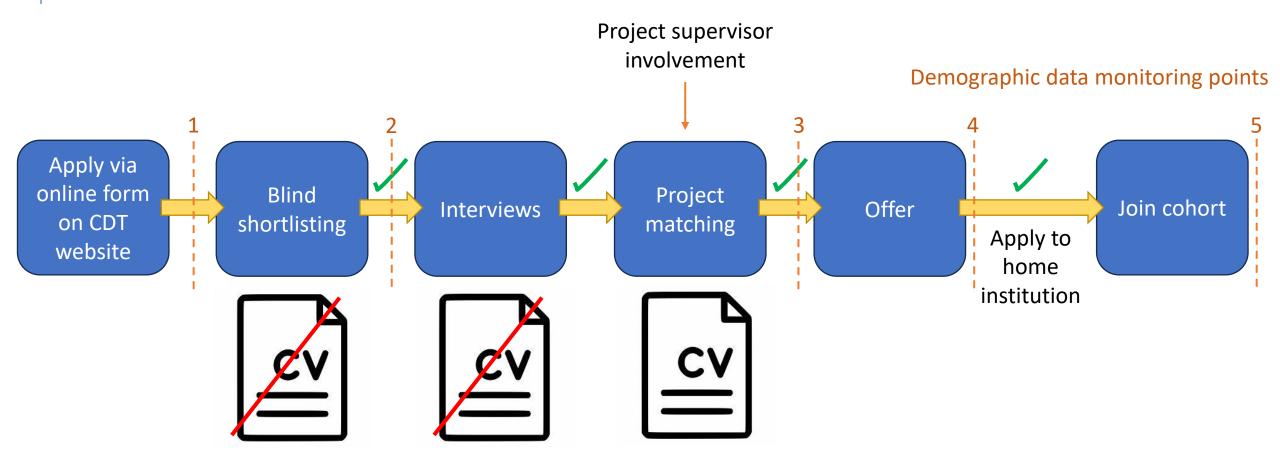


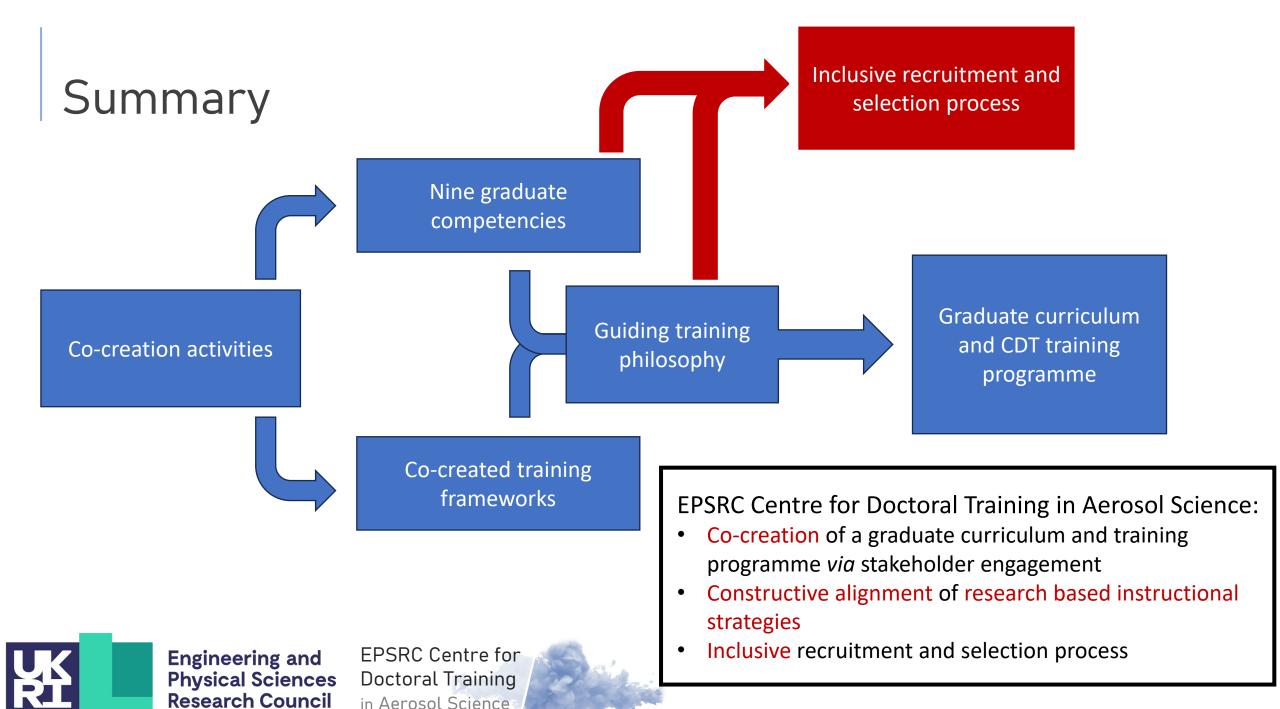


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Aerosol Science CDT recruitment process





Thank you for your attention

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